

University of California Libraries

NEXT-GENERATION TECHNICAL SERVICES: INSTITUTING CHANGE FOR IMPROVED LIBRARY SERVICES

Emily Lin, University of California, Merced Pacific Rim Digital Library Alliance 2012 Annual Meeting



Berkeley



Davis



Irvine



Los Angeles



Merced

UC Campuses

The campuses of the University of California provide exciting environments that foster world-class educational and research opportunities and generate a wide range of benefits and services that touch the lives of Californians throughout the state.

The UC family includes more than 234,000 students, more than 207,000 faculty and staff, 50,000 retirees and more than 1.6 million living alumni.

Opened in 2005, the UC system's tenth campus at Merced—the nation's first public research university to be built in the 21st century—is the first new UC campus in 40 years.

UC is also actively involved in locations beyond its campuses, national laboratories, medical centers and neighboring communities — in places throughout California, around the world and online. Visit **More UC Locations**.

About the Campuses

The web sites of individual UC campuses provide a wealth of information about their history, traditions, academic distinctions and social contributions as well as a compendium of facts, figures, maps and pictures. The links below will take you directly to each campus' "About UC" page:

Berkeley Davis Irvine Los Angeles Merced Riverside San Diego San Francisco Santa Barbara Santa Cruz





Riverside



San Diego



San Francisco



Santa Barbara



Santa Cruz



University of California Libraries

- Ten campuses and the California Digital Library (CDL)
- Eleven equal organizations with strong leaders working together voluntarily, with no mandate, as a collaborative collective
- Campus library funding cuts average 20% since 2008-2009, potential additional 21% cut over next 5 years

Why NGTS?

Estimated total non-roman backlog: 81,979 (*Enterprise Services* report, Sept 2010)

Estimated special collections and archives backlog: 13.5 miles (*New Modes for Access* report, Sept 2010)

Estimated data created in 2011: 1.8 trillion GB (1.8 ZB), more than doubling every 2 years (2011 *IDC Digital Universe Study*)





Why NGTS?

Getting information they need, when they need it

Why NGTS?

"Success will be measured by... more resources made more discoverable, reduction in redundant work."

History and Development

Exhibit Mar

7/2008: Discussion paper on adopting UC-wide collaborative approaches to Technical Services 2009: Charge (Jan) and Scope Statement (April) 8/2009-2/2010: Phase 1: Research <u>3/2010-12/2011 Phase 2: Recommendations &</u>

3/2010-12/2011 Phase 2: Recommendations & Priorities

4/2011-Present Phase 3: "Implementation"



What is NGTS?

Collaborative Collection Development Collaborative Technical Services Collaborative Digital Initiatives **Financial and Technical** Infrastructure for Collaboration

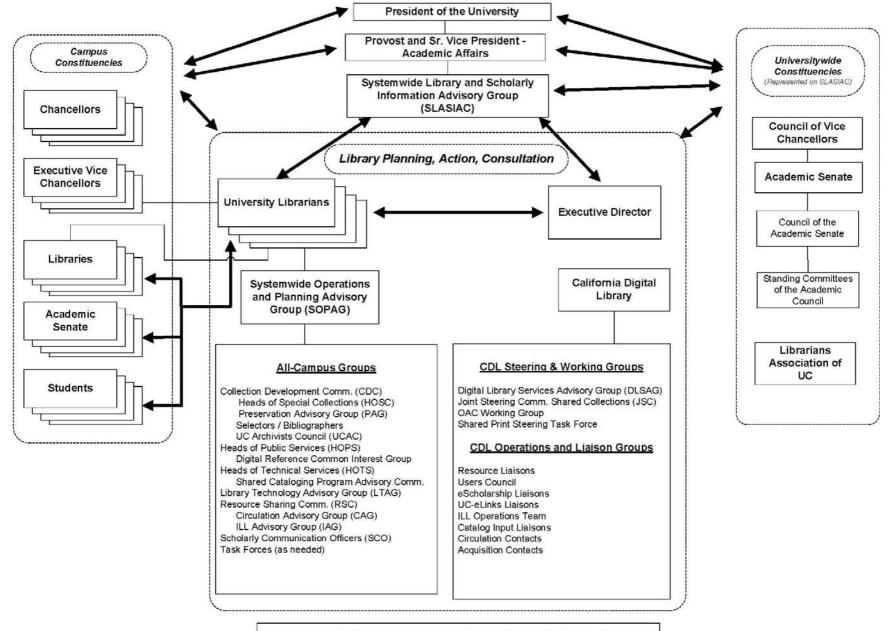
NGTS "High Priorities"

- UC record standards
- Expand, adjust Shared Cataloging Program
- Systemwide shelf-ready
- Simplify recharge process for systemwide acquisitions
- Implement "More Product, Less Process tactics" and systemwide use of Archivists' Toolkit
- Systemwide infrastructure for digital assets management
- Systemwide model for collection services staffing & expertise

NGTS Implementation: Approach

"The good and bad news about any organizational structure is that it keeps producing what it was designed to produce, even if that is not what anyone wants." (Bolman and Gallos, *Reframing Academic Leadership*, 2011)

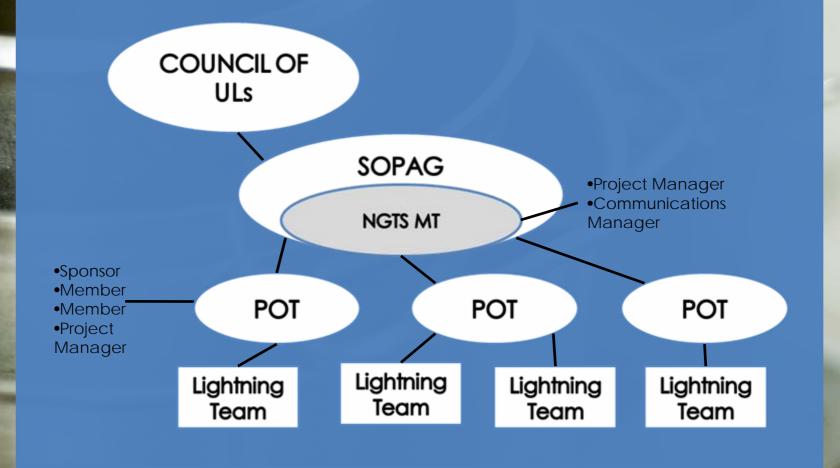
COMPONENTS OF THE PLANNING & CONSULTATIVE STRUCTURE FOR UC LIBRARIES

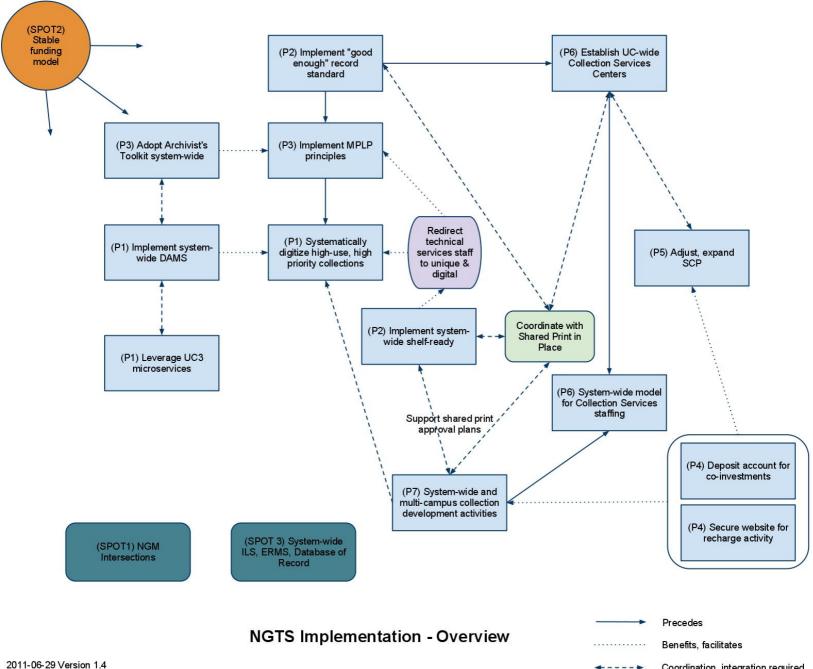


Some Guiding Concepts

- Transformation is an evolving, phased process, with occasional big leaps. Quick wins early and often are essential.
- Cost savings and cost avoidance are strategic.
- Focus on implementation and action vs. more study.
- Draw members from existing groups and leverage local experts for systemwide benefit.
- Continuously vet, assess, revise, and adjust the NGTS implementation framework.

A New Model for Working Together





2011-06-29 Version 1.4

Coordination, integration required

Outcomes

1. Tested assumptions

- UC Shared Cataloging Program already highly efficient operation. Halting distribution of records would result in higher costs rather than assumed savings gained
- 2. Identified gaps and areas of improvement
 - Communication processes; infrastructure
- 3. Developed common vocabulary and standards of practice
 - "Scheduled recharges;" efficient processing guidelines; UC cataloging standard

Evolving Outcomes

- Processes and structural definitions for collaboration
- Understanding, application of project management practices
- Expanding upon collaborative models as well as common standards and practices

Lessons Learned

Sufficient planning early on is often key to a successful shared service

Timely communication keeps everyone on the same page and helps clarify reporting mechanisms

Stable funding is necessary to the viability of any shared service

The successful management of a shared service depends on supportive library administrations—not just economic support, but moral, cultural, and political support as well.

UC LIBRARIES NEXT-GENERATION TECHNICAL SERVICES

SEARCH

Eollow

RSS

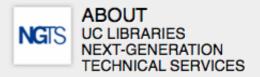
DEFINING "SHELF READY"

Power of Three (POT) group 2 is charged with defining and implementing a UC consortial shelf-ready program. To establish a common vocabulary and understanding of terms and definitions, POT 2 has created the following glossary:

Shelf Ready Glossary

Shelf ready - Physical collection materials received from a vendor/publisher that come with catalog records and physical processing (e.g., barcodes, property stamps, spine labels, security devices, etc.).

Levels of shelf ready - There may be a spectrum of shelf-ready options (more or less physical processing, fuller or more minimal records, etc.) available from a vendor/publisher, available for choosing based on the needs of different customers. These options may be individually priced or bundled, depending on the vendor. Across the various vendors, we may also find different standards for cataloging and physical processing, resulting in the potential provision of different levels of shelf ready. Different levels of shelf ready may be required depending upon a vendor/publisher's



Q

Next-Generation Technical Services (NGTS) is an initiative developed by the University Librarians and SOPAG to redesign technical services workflows across the full range of library formats in order to take advantage of new system-wide capabilities and tools, minimize redundant activities, improve efficiency, and foster innovation in collection development and management to the benefit of UC library users.

#ucngts on Twitter

The PM group for #ucngts just had a great

http://ucngts.tumblr.com